



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/667,626	09/22/2003	Christopher L. Oesterling	GP-303941 2760/123	1187
General Motors Corporation Legal Staff, Mail Code 482-C23-B21 300 Renaissance Center P.O. Box 300 Detroit, MI 48265-3000			EXAMINER	
			NGUYEN, TUAN HOANG	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2618	
		v.	<u> </u>	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		03/09/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/667,626	OESTERLING ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Tuan H. Nguyen	2618		
Th Period for Re	e MAILING DATE of this communication app		orrespondence address		
A SHORT WHICHEN - Extensions after SIX (6 - If NO period - Failure to re Any reply re	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY (FR IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAG of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period weighly within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, seceived by the Office later than three months after the mailing and term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	l.  lely filed  the mailing date of this communication,  D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a) ☐ This 3) ☐ Sinc	ponsive to communication(s) filed on <u>30 Not</u> action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This se this application is in condition for allowared in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Disposition o	·				
4) Clai 4a) C 5) Clai 6) Clai 7) Clai 8) Clai	m(s) <u>22-39</u> is/are pending in the application of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw m(s) is/are allowed.  m(s) <u>22-39</u> is/are rejected.  m(s) is/are objected to.  m(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.			
10)	drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accelerate any not request that any objection to the accement drawing sheet(s) including the correct oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
2) Notice of C 3) Information	References Cited (PTO-892)  Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	ate		

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response To Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments, see applicant's remarks, filed on 11/30/2006, with respect to the rejection(s) of claims 22-39 under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 22-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tzamaloukas (US PAT. 6,925,378) in view of Fette et al. (U.S PAT. 5,612,948 hereinafter, "Fette").

Consider claim 22, Tzamaloukas teaches a method for operating a vehicle communication unit within a mobile vehicle communication system, the method comprising: attempting to operate in a primary communication mode using a vehicle communication unit on a first vehicle, wherein the communication unit is equipped to

Art Unit: 2618

communicate in the primary communication mode (col. 4 lines 25-32); detecting a primary communication mode failure (fig. 17C col. 22 lines 9-11); initiating short range wireless communication between the first vehicle and a second vehicle responsive to the primary communication mode failure, wherein the second vehicle has a vehicle communication unit enabled to communicate in the primary communication mode (col. 3 line 66 through col. 4 line 11 and col. 22 lines 9-11); transmitting data between the first vehicle and the second vehicle via the short range wireless communication (col. 3 line 66 through col. 4 line 11).

Tzamaloukas does not explicitly show that communicating the data with a service provider via a wireless carrier system to request assistance for the first vehicle using the vehicle communication unit on the second vehicle.

In the same field of endeavor, Fette teaches communicating the data with a service provider via a wireless carrier system to request assistance for the first vehicle using the vehicle communication unit on the second vehicle (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use, communicating the data with a service provider via a wireless carrier system to request assistance for the first vehicle using the vehicle communication unit on the second vehicle, as taught by Fette, in order to provide communication If subscriber nodes cannot directly communicate with the base node, their communications may be indirectly routed to the base node through one or more repeating subscriber nodes.

Application/Control Number: 10/667,626

Art Unit: 2618

Consider claims 23 and 32, Fette further teaches detecting the primary communication mode failure comprises: detecting if the vehicle communication unit cannot initiate contact with a wireless carrier system (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57); and detecting if the vehicle communication unit cannot maintain communication with the wireless carrier system (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57).

Consider claims 24 and 33, Tzamaloukas further teaches detecting the primary mode failure comprises determining that a GPS unit within the vehicle communication unit is unable to receive a GPS satellite broadcast from a GPS satellite broadcast system (col. 8 lines 1-11).

Consider claim 25 and 34, Tzamaloukas further teaches the primary communication mode is a cellular wireless connection (col. 4 lines 25-31).

Consider claims 26 and 35, Tzamaloukas further teaches the secondary communication mode is a wireless connection using a communication protocol selected from the group consisting of: IEEE 802.11 series standard, Dedicated Short Range Communication standard, and Bluetooth (col. 6 lines 15-23).

Consider claim 27, Fette further teaches the transmitting step further comprises communicating data from the first vehicle to the second vehicle via the secondary communication mode (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57).

Consider claims 28 and 38, Fette further teaches the transmitting step further comprises communicating data from the second vehicle to the first vehicle via the secondary communication mode (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57).

Consider claims 29 and 36, Fette further teaches the communicating step further comprises sending the transmitted data from the second vehicle to the wireless carrier system via the primary communication mode (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57).

Consider claim 30, Fette further teaches the communicating step further comprises sending data from the wireless carrier system to the second vehicle via the primary communication mode (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57).

Consider claim 31, Tzamaloukas teaches a method for operating a vehicle communication unit within a mobile vehicle communication system, the method comprising: attempting to operate a first vehicle communication unit on a first vehicle in a primary communication mode (col. 4 lines 25-32); detecting a primary communication mode failure due to degraded equipment on the first vehicle (fig. 17C col. 22 lines 9-11); initiating a second communication mode using a local wireless link between the first vehicle and a second vehicle responsive to the primary communication mode failure, wherein the second vehicle has a second vehicle communication unit configured to

communicate using the primary communication mode (col. 3 line 66 through col. 4 line 11 and col. 22 lines 9-11).

Page 6

Tzamaloukas does not explicitly show that sending a request for assistance for the first vehicle to a service provider via a wireless communication system using the second vehicle communication unit; and communicating data to complete the request for assistance between the first vehicle and the second vehicle using the second communication mode.

In the same field of endeavor, Fette teaches sending a request for assistance for the first vehicle to a service provider via a wireless communication system using the second vehicle communication unit (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57); and communicating data to complete the request for assistance between the first vehicle and the second vehicle using the second communication mode (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use, sending a request for assistance for the first vehicle to a service provider via a wireless communication system using the second vehicle communication unit; and communicating data to complete the request for assistance between the first vehicle and the second vehicle using the second communication mode, as taught by Fette, in order to provide communication If subscriber nodes cannot directly communicate with the base node, their communications may be indirectly routed to the base node through one or more repeating subscriber nodes.

Application/Control Number: 10/667,626

Art Unit: 2618

Consider claim 37, Fette further teaches the sending step further comprises receiving a response to the request at the second vehicle via the primary communication mode (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57).

Consider claim 39, Fette further teaches the communicating step further comprises sending data to the first vehicle via the secondary communication mode from the second vehicle, wherein the second vehicle received the data from a wireless communication system in response to the request for assistance (fig. 1 col. 3 lines 42-57).

#### Conclusion

4. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Mail Stop\_\_\_\_\_ (Explanation, e.g., Amendment or After-final, etc.)

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Facsimile responses should be faxed to:

(571) 273-8300

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

**Customer Service Window** 

Randolph Building

Application/Control Number: 10/667,626

Art Unit: 2618

401 Dulany Street

Alexandria, VA 22313

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tuan H. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-8329. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00Am - 5:00Pm.

Page 8

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Maung Nay A. can be reached on (571) 272-7882. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information Consider the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tuan Nguyen Examiner Art Unit 2618 CUOCHIEN B. VUONG